

2021年度 一般入学試験 前期日程(2月1日)

英 語

(試験時間 60分)

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 この問題冊子は、25ページあります。
- 3 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせなさい。
- 4 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、それぞれ正しく記入し、マークしなさい。
 - ① 試験コード欄・座席番号欄
試験コード・座席番号(数字)を記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしなさい。正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。
 - ② 氏名欄
氏名・フリガナを記入しなさい。
- 5 解答は、解答用紙の解答欄にマークしなさい。例えば、

10

と表示のある問いに対して③と解答する場合は、次の(例)のように解答番号10の解答欄の③にマークしなさい。

(例)

解答番号	解 答 欄									
10	①	②	●	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩

- 6 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してよいが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 7 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰りなさい。

英 語

(解答番号 ~)

第1問 次の問い(A・B)に答えよ。

A 次の問い(問1～3)において、下線部の発音がほかの三つと異なるものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

問1

- ① apple ② manner ③ rabbit ④ water

問2

- ① breath ② northern ③ path ④ thin

問3

- ① castle ② fasten ③ listen ④ subtle

B 次の問い(問1～3)において、第一アクセント(第一強勢)の位置がほかの三つと異なるものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

問1

- ① con-cern ② hur-ry ③ near-ly ④ pas-sion

問2

- ① al-pha-bet ② av-er-age
③ In-ter-net ④ per-cent-age

問3

- ① con-tro-ver-sial ② im-me-di-ate
③ in-dif-fer-ence ④ u-til-i-ty

第2問 次の問い(A～C)に答えよ。

A 次の問い(問1～10)の ～ に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。ただし、 ・ については、(A)と(B)に入れるのに最も適当な組合せを選べ。

問1 There used a hospital in front of our school.

- ① to be ② to being ③ to go ④ to going

問2 We have plenty of time to decide where to go, so you be in a hurry now.

- ① had better ② help not ③ need not ④ would rather

問3 If you have any problems, don't hesitate to ask me anytime you want.

- ① don't ② might not ③ should ④ was to

問4 In this country, many people think that you are known the company you belong to.

- ① as ② by ③ from ④ so

問5 is necessary for her to practice hard to win the contest next month.

- ① It ② Then ③ What ④ Which

B 次の問い(問1～3)において、それぞれ下の①～⑥の語を並べかえて空所を補い、最も適当な文を完成させよ。解答は 17 ～ 22 に入れるものの番号のみを答えよ。ただし、文頭に置かれる語は必要に応じて大文字に直して考えること。

問1 Eli: _____ 17 _____ 18 _____ new car again? I was really surprised to hear that.

Ann: Yeah, he was born into a rich family.

- | | | |
|--------|----------|-------|
| ① a | ② bought | ③ do |
| ④ know | ⑤ Peter | ⑥ you |

問2 Karl: Yesterday I happened to meet Ms. Janet, the famous actress from the UK.

Jane: Oh, really? Apparently, her younger sister _____ 19 _____ 20 _____ .

- | | | |
|-------------|-------|--------|
| ① beautiful | ② her | ③ is |
| ④ less | ⑤ no | ⑥ than |

問3 Father: Ayumi! Don't go there! The _____ 21 _____ 22 _____ this season.

Ayumi: But I want to enjoy swimming in the river.

- | | | |
|-------------|--------|------|
| ① dangerous | ② in | ③ is |
| ④ river | ⑤ swim | ⑥ to |

(下書き用紙)

英語(筆記)の試験問題は次に続く。

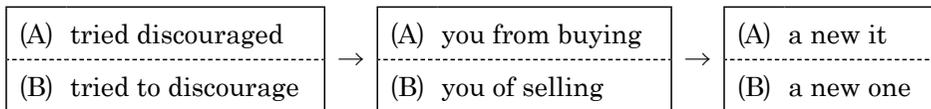
C 次の問い(問 1 ~ 3)の会話が最も適切なやりとりとなるように 23 ~ 25 を埋めるには、(A)と(B)をどのように組み合わせればよいか、それぞれ下の①~⑧のうちから一つずつ選べ。

問 1 Son: Look at this advertisement! It says there is a new computer release at the store now.

Mother: But you already have one in your room.

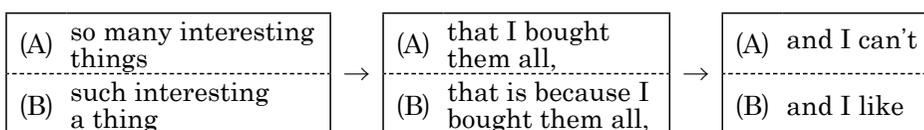
Son: It's slow and not stylish. I want to get another one.

Mother: No way. You still want to get a brand new item even though I have 23 .



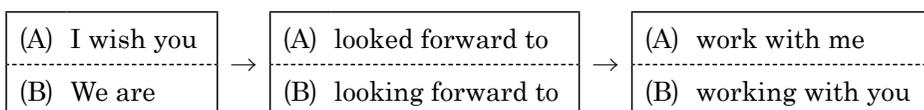
- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ① (A) → (A) → (A) | ② (A) → (A) → (B) | ③ (A) → (B) → (A) |
| ④ (A) → (B) → (B) | ⑤ (B) → (A) → (A) | ⑥ (B) → (A) → (B) |
| ⑦ (B) → (B) → (A) | ⑧ (B) → (B) → (B) | |

問2 Lisa: Hello, Ben. Where are you? Can you come to pick me up?
 Ben: Hi, Lisa. Yes, I can. I'm still at home. Where should I pick you up?
 Lisa: At the shopping mall close to our house. I saw 24 bring all of them home by myself.
 Ben: OK, I'll be there in half an hour. You can drink a cup of coffee at a nearby café for a while.



- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ① (A) → (A) → (A) | ② (A) → (A) → (B) | ③ (A) → (B) → (A) |
| ④ (A) → (B) → (B) | ⑤ (B) → (A) → (A) | ⑥ (B) → (A) → (B) |
| ⑦ (B) → (B) → (A) | ⑧ (B) → (B) → (B) | |

問3 Kate: Mike! I got an email from the company I had an interview with last week!!
 Mike: Is it the one you really want to work for? What does it say?
 Kate: I got the job! The mail says, "25."
 Mike: Congratulations! We have to celebrate tonight!



- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ① (A) → (A) → (A) | ② (A) → (A) → (B) | ③ (A) → (B) → (A) |
| ④ (A) → (B) → (B) | ⑤ (B) → (A) → (A) | ⑥ (B) → (A) → (B) |
| ⑦ (B) → (B) → (A) | ⑧ (B) → (B) → (B) | |

第3問 次の問い(A・B)に答えよ。

A 次の問い(問1・問2)のパラグラフ(段落)には、まとまりをよくするために取り除いた方がよい文が一つある。取り除く文として最も適当なものを、それぞれ下線部①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

問1 | | |----| | 26 | |----|

The way people watch TV is changing dramatically. Thanks to the expansion of online streaming services, people today can watch TV programs on a variety of devices connected to the Internet. ① Young people especially like to watch streaming content on their PCs, tablets or smartphones instead of traditional TV sets in the living room. ② In addition, the subscribers to these streaming services tend to spend longer hours watching streaming content in one sitting. ③ They like watching TV with their family so they can have something to talk about. ④ Now that all the episodes of their favorite series are available online, they are tempted to spend more hours in front of a screen to watch multiple episodes at once. It's not unusual for them to stay up late or spend most of the weekend watching one program after another.

問 2

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In physics, “motion” means the act of moving from one place to another. According to the first law of motion established by Sir Isaac Newton, an object at rest tends to remain at rest. ① Thus, an outside force needs to be applied to a still object before it starts moving. ② The first law of motion also states that an object in motion tends to continue moving at constant speed in a straight line. ③ When an outside force, such as friction, acts on a moving object, it either slows down or stops moving. ④ The mystical force is needed to move a larger and more massive object. In order to make it travel faster or in a different direction, some kind of force, such as a push or a pull, needs to be applied.

B 次の会話は、ある大学における授業形態に関するディスカッションの一部である。 ・ に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

Professor: Thank you all for joining us today. We would like to know which class format students really like – online or on-campus. We are aware that a growing number of students choose to take online courses, which include both on-demand video lectures and virtual interactive class sessions. Let us know what you think.

Raymond: The best part about online courses is that I don't need to commute to and from school. It was hard for me to wake up early to attend an on-campus class in the morning. Now a virtual classroom is just a click away on the PC screen and I can study at home. I think I can learn more actively in virtual class sessions than just watching video lectures. When I watched on-demand lectures alone in my room, I was bored and felt lonely. Now we can see other students' faces on the screen and join the discussion hosted by professors — I feel as if I were physically with them in a real classroom. Also, whenever I ask questions by using the “chat” function, professors or teaching assistants respond quickly to answer the questions.

Professor: So you .

- ① are satisfied with the way you learn online now
- ② don't mind commuting to and from school every day
- ③ find it difficult to contact your professors online
- ④ have to buy a new PC to watch video lectures

Raymond: Very much so.

Ellen: I took some online classes before, which were not as good as I had expected. The main reason was that, in my small apartment, I don't have a proper desk and chair, so I have to study sitting on my bed and holding a laptop PC. It is ideal for me to study at the school library before and after a class and just relax after coming back home.

Alex: I agree. I live with my family and have to take care of my younger brother and sister at home — it's hard for me to be alone and focus on my study. In addition, when a large group of students log in to a virtual class at the same time, technological issues often arise. Our communication is often disrupted when someone's web cam or microphone suddenly stops working. This won't happen when we meet each other face to face in a real classroom.

Professor: Thank you Ellen and Alex. So you both suggest that not everybody

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- ① can afford to live in their own apartment
- ② likes to study at the school library
- ③ owns a desktop PC with a web cam
- ④ welcomes the shift toward online learning

第4問 次のページの美術館の案内を読み、次の問い(問1～3)の ～ に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

問1 Nancy and her two kids, 7 years old and 5 years old, live in Snowflake City and will visit the museum next week. How much will they pay in total?

- ① \$14
- ② \$19
- ③ \$25
- ④ \$34

問2 Noah, his wife and their 6-year-old son will visit this museum on Sunday. Which of the following will he be allowed to do?

- ① Carry a small camera bag into the exhibition rooms.
- ② Leave his son alone in the exhibition rooms for thirty minutes.
- ③ Let his son touch one of the sculptures on display.
- ④ Take pictures to be used for his store's advertisement.

問3 A professor and 13 students in his class at the Snowflake School of Art plan a field trip to this museum next Tuesday. Which of the following can they take advantage of?

- ① A free optional guided tour.
- ② A group discount on admission fees.
- ③ Access to the research library.
- ④ Membership cards for frequent visitors.

Snowflake City Museum of Art

Snowflake City Museum of Art houses more than 5,000 works of art, ranging from 18th-century European paintings to modern African sculptures. Both residents and non-residents of Snowflake City are welcome. For those who wish to learn more about the exhibitions, optional guided tours are available for free on Saturdays and Sundays.

Opening Hours

9:30 a.m. – 6:30 p.m. (Mon-Sat)

9:30 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. (Sun)

(*) closed on national holidays

Admission Fees

	Resident of Snowflake City	Non-resident of Snowflake City
Adults (18 or above)	\$9	\$16
Children (6 - 17)	\$5	\$9
Children (5 or under)	FREE	FREE

(*) Group discounts apply to groups of 20 or more visitors. Ask the ticket office for more information.

Museum Rules

- 1) Flash photography is not permitted. Taking pictures in the museum is permitted only for private purposes.
- 2) Do not enter the exhibition rooms with large bags, backpacks or suitcases. Lockers are available in the lobby on the 1st floor.
- 3) A distance of at least 50 cm must be kept from the artwork on display.
- 4) Children aged 10 or under must be accompanied by an adult at all times.
- 5) Pick up and return the portable audio guides at the ticket office. No extra fee is charged. No reservation is needed.
- 6) The research library on the 3rd floor is exclusively available for researchers, scholars and students who study art. Contact the museum staff in advance.

第5問 次の物語を読み、下の問い(問1～5)の 33 ～ 37 に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

Hue Nguyen was born in Cu Chi, a small town near Saigon, South Vietnam in 1958. His father worked for the Saigon city office, and his grandparents and mother ran a small restaurant behind their house. At that time, the couple also had a seven-year-old son and five-year-old twin daughters. They were a happy family.

Hue was in a public elementary school when the War between North Vietnam and South Vietnam escalated in the early 1960s. Far away from the battlefield, the small town was quite peaceful. In 1974, however, his older brother was drafted into the army and lost his life on the battlefield. Their mother was inconsolable and kept crying for months.

In 1975, South Vietnam lost the war, and the communist country, Vietnam, was founded. During that time, Hue was studying computer engineering at a local college. The war had ended, but his mother was very worried about him because the new government was focusing on expanding its territory to the west, and young men, including Hue, were in danger of being drafted into military service. His mother didn't want him to risk his life for his country like his brother did, so she planned to have her son secretly leave the country. With one of his twin sisters, Hue left the port of Saigon in 1977.

The voyage on the boat was not easy. Hue later said, "I still clearly remember what happened to us one night. A group of pirates robbed us of everything. When we arrived at the port of Thailand, most of us had no property." The refugees were held offshore for several months and, finally, allowed to enter the country. After staying in Thailand for 15 months, Hue and his sister were sent to America as war refugees in 1979. They were assigned a small cozy apartment in Oakland, a suburb of San Francisco, California.

By 1981, Hue was admitted into University of California at Berkeley, one

of the most brilliant universities in America. There, he resumed his studies in computer engineering and demonstrated his extraordinary talent by completing the academic curriculum within two years. He proceeded to a graduate school and achieved a Ph.D. in Engineering in 1984, when he was 26. After finishing his studies in 1986, he entered one of the leading American IT companies.

Hue worked as a young general manager for 10 years when he quit working for the company to start his own one named Assist Engineering Inc. Not only his knowledge in engineering but also his good sense of business helped the firm to grow.

Assist Engineering now holds 3000 employees, and Hue serves as its CEO. It extended its focus to robot engineering several years ago, which is currently its main business. He also married a Vietnamese lady, and they had a son, who is now in medical school. Hue's parents are now in their late 90s and still living in Vietnam. Hue goes there to visit them once a year. In 2016, he donated 10 million dollars to his home town, Cu Chi. Now, many children in the town respect him as a real hero.

問 1 All of the following are true about Hue's family EXCEPT

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- ① he had twin brothers
- ② his father worked for a city office
- ③ his grandparents ran a restaurant
- ④ the family lived in a town near Saigon

問 2 Hue's mother was worried about him because 34 .

- ① he might have had to serve in the military for the next war
- ② he stirred up a demonstration against the new government
- ③ the new government was going to close down his college
- ④ the new government was trying to expel him from the country

問 3 Hue left his country because his mother wanted him to 35 .

- ① activate the country's economy
- ② escape from the chaotic circumstances
- ③ rescue children overseas
- ④ visit Japan and China

問 4 Which one of the following is **NOT** true about Hue after he arrived in America? 36

- ① Hue began to study computer engineering for the first time.
- ② Hue entered an IT company soon after he completed his studies.
- ③ Hue founded a company.
- ④ Hue's company now mainly develops products related to the robot industry.

問 5 Which one is the most appropriate as the title of this story? 37

- ① The Era of New Technology
- ② The Life of a War Refugee
- ③ The Modern History of Vietnam
- ④ The Story of an Adventurer

(下書き用紙)

英語(筆記)の試験問題は次に続く。

第6問 次の文章を読み、下の問い（A・B）に答えよ。なお、文章の左にある(1)～(4)はパラグラフ（段落）の番号を表している。

- (1) An increasing number of people around the world choose to practice a strict form of vegetarian diet these days. Those who are called “vegans” avoid eating not only animal meat but also all other kinds of animal-derived food including milk and eggs. People become vegans for different reasons, but more than half of them do so for the sake of their health. In response to health experts’ warnings against meat consumption, those “dietary vegans” stick to a plant-based diet to reduce the risks of cancer, diabetes and many other diseases.
- (2) On the other hand, there are people who practice a vegan diet for some other reasons. Those who are called “environmental vegans” believe that their choice is more environmentally friendly and ecologically sustainable. They try to reduce harmful impacts on the environment resulting from large-scale industrial farming. For example, vast areas of forests are cleared and massive amounts of water are consumed to grow feed crops, such as corn and soy beans, and to raise animals. In addition, greenhouse gasses, such as methane and CO₂, are released into the air in the process of meat production and transportation.
- (3) The other type of vegans is called “ethical vegans.” They believe in animal welfare and animal rights protection, which are usually neglected in factory farming. They argue it’s morally wrong to cause animals to suffer unreasonably just to satisfy human demand for their meat. In addition, ethical vegans refuse to wear clothing made of animal fur or skin and oppose the use of animals for entertainment purposes. They also protest against various products, including medicine and cosmetics, which are tested on lab animals.
- (4) Statistics show that vegetarians and vegans account for nearly 10%

of the entire population in such countries as the U.S., Australia, Germany and the U.K., where their lifestyles are gaining wide acceptance especially among people in their 20s. Other countries, however, are relatively slow to accept their unique lifestyles. It is hoped that more of us learn to acknowledge and respect each individual's beliefs, values and ways of living. By doing so, we can go a long way toward building a society where diverse groups of people live together in harmony regardless of their differences.

A 次の問い(問1～4)の ～ に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選べ。

問1 According to paragraph (1), dietary vegans .

- ① avoid not only meat but also fruits, nuts and beans
- ② force themselves to be on a strict diet to lose weight
- ③ hope that their diet has positive effects on their health
- ④ practice a non-meat diet only when they cook at home

問2 According to paragraph (2), large-scale industrial farming is .

- ① a way to mass-produce meat at the cost of the environment
- ② an efficient way to grow crops to feed people in poverty
- ③ more environmentally friendly than small-scale farming
- ④ not suitable for the production of corn and soy beans

問 3 According to paragraph (3), ethical vegans

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- ① believe humans should not cause pain and suffering to animals
- ② believe lab animals are important for developing medicine and cosmetics
- ③ believe the causes of food and animal allergies are the same
- ④ don't eat animal meat but wear clothes made of fur or leather

問 4 According to paragraph (4), which of the following is true?

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- ① European countries are relatively slow to accept the vegan lifestyle.
- ② It is hoped that more restaurants serve eco-friendly food.
- ③ It takes money to acknowledge and respect different ways of living.
- ④ Younger generations are more open to vegetarian or vegan lifestyles.

B 次の表は、本文のパラグラフ(段落)の構成と内容をまとめたものである。

～ に入れるのに最も適当なものを、下の①～④のうちから一つずつ選び、表を完成させよ。ただし、同じものを繰り返し選んではいけない。

Paragraph	Content
(1)	<input type="text" value="42"/>
(2)	<input type="text" value="43"/>
(3)	<input type="text" value="44"/>
(4)	<input type="text" value="45"/>

- ① Accepting different lifestyles to promote diversity in society
- ② The definition of vegan and the most popular reason for going vegan
- ③ Vegans who are against all forms of cruel treatment of animals
- ④ Vegans who wish to contribute to environmental conservation